

# Object Configuration (Draft)

Object Configuration illustrates how the engineering objects are used for supporting the functionalities commonly shared among more than one RI such as Identification and Citation, Curation, [Cataloguing Configurations](#), Processing, and Provenance.

## Cataloguing Configurations

There are seven cataloguing processes (D8.3) which need to be supported using EV objects. These basic EV configurations are mapped to these processes in [Table 01](#). As shown in the table, the combination of these basic configurations allows supporting different cataloguing processes.

Table 1. Basic Cataloguing Processes	
Processes (User Stories/Requirements) (Stage 1 Description)	Configuration Name
1. Store an asset (e.g. dataset) with metadata sufficient for cataloging purposes;	<a href="#">Store Asset Configuration</a>
2. Discover an asset using the metadata – the richer the metadata and the more elaborate the query the greater the precision in discovering the required asset(s);	<a href="#">Discover Asset Configuration</a>
3. Download an asset based on metadata	<a href="#">Download Asset Configuration</a>
4. Select/project an asset in situ location accessed via metadata	<a href="#">Select Asset Configuration</a>
5. Move (selected parts of) asset to location accessed via metadata	<a href="#">Move Asset Configuration</a>
6. Compose (selected parts of) asset into workflow accessed via metadata	<a href="#">Compose Asset Configuration</a>
7. Update an asset and/or metadata	<a href="#">Update Asset Configuration</a>

This section define set of seven independent cataloguing services that support each process on [Table 01](#). This clearly separates the functionalities vertically and shows how the BEOs interact with each other. The structure of the following configurations is based on the [Container Structure](#).

In addition to the EV BEOs all the configurations require a management component object and a catalogue system object. These engineering objects together with the collection of configurations conform the complete catalogue service.

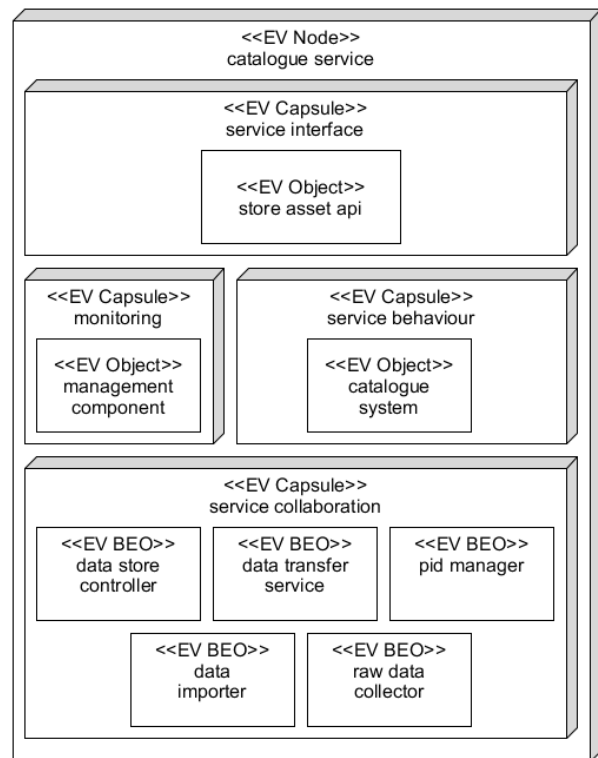
### Store Asset Configuration

The configuration for storing a new asset depends on six BEOs: [catalogue service](#), [data transfer service](#), [raw data collector](#), [data importer](#), [pid manager](#), and [data store controller](#).

The figures on the right shows the configuration of the service using the recommended [Container Structure](#).

This configuration shows a self contained service which already contains the required objects for three possible service variations: collect from sensor, import from another repository, and assign global unique pid.

<b>Name:</b>	Store Asset
<b>Process:</b>	Store an asset (e.g. dataset) with metadata sufficient for cataloging purposes
<b>Resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>asset</li><li>metadata</li></ul>
<b>Outputs</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>asset [registered]</li><li>metadata [registered]</li><li>asset pid [registered]</li></ul>
<b>Options</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>collect data from sensors</li><li>import data from external source</li><li>assign global unique pid</li></ul>



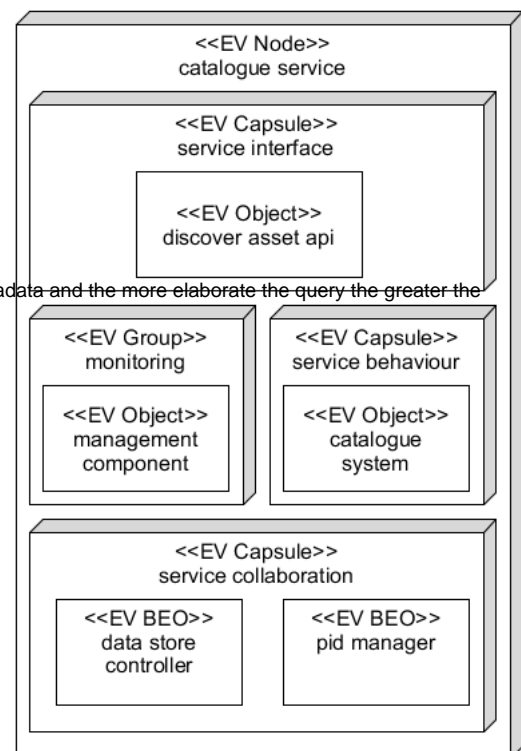
## Discover Asset Configuration

The configuration for discovering an asset depends on three BEOs: [catalogue service](#), [pid manager](#), and [data store controller](#).

The figures on the right shows the configuration of the service using the recommended [Container Structure](#).

This configuration shows a self contained service which already contains the required objects for supporting the discovery process.

<b>Name:</b>	Discover Asset
<b>Process:</b>	Discover an asset using the metadata – the richer the metadata and the more elaborate the query the greater the precision in discovering the required asset(s)
<b>Resources:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>query parameters (metadata)</li> </ul>
<b>Outputs:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>metadata               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>asset pid</li> <li>asset reference (publishable)</li> <li>asset description</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Options:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>faceted discovery (filtering of results)</li> </ul>
<b>Correspondences</b>	Technology Viewpoint: <a href="#">Catalogue Discovery Object</a>



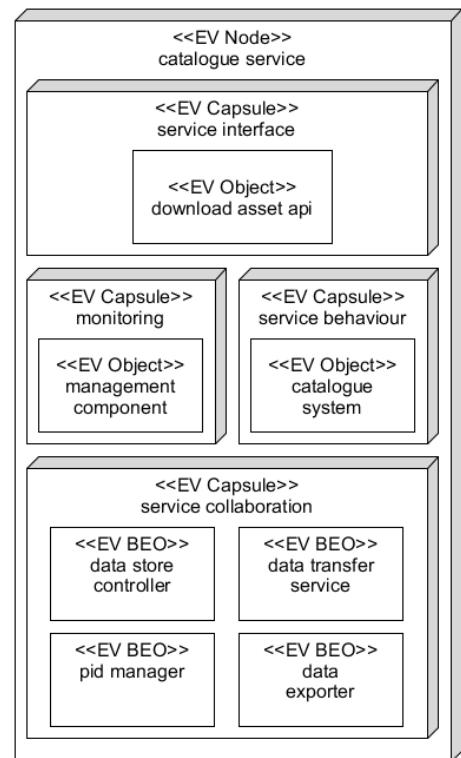
## Download Asset Configuration

The configuration for storing a new asset depends on five BEOs: [catalogue service](#), [data transfer service](#), [data exporter](#), [pid manager](#), and [data store controller](#)

The figures on the right shows the configuration of the service using the recommended [Container Structure](#).

This configuration shows a self contained service which already contains the required objects for supporting the discovery process.

<b>Name:</b>	Download Asset
<b>Process:</b>	Download an asset based on metadata
<b>Resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>asset pid (precondition: discovery)</li> <li>filtering parameters (metadata, optional)</li> </ul>
<b>Outputs</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>asset (copy)</li> <li>metadata <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>asset pid</li> <li>asset reference (publishable)</li> <li>asset description</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Options</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>download complete</li> <li>download partial</li> </ul>



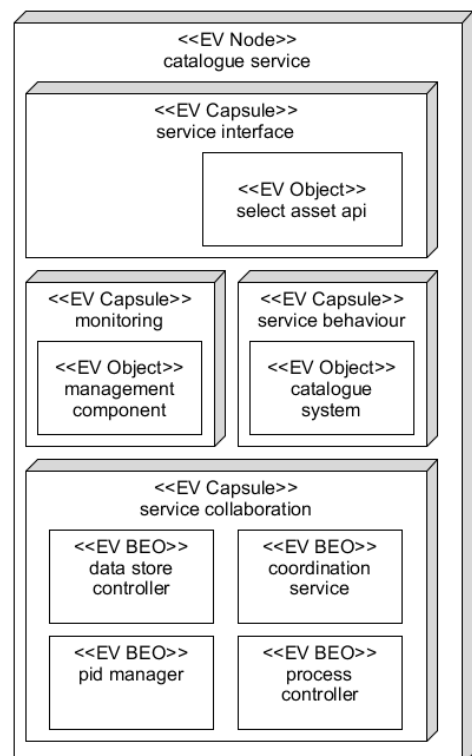
## Select Asset Configuration

The configuration for selecting an asset depends on five BEOs: [catalogue service](#), [coordination service](#), [process controller](#), [pid manager](#), and [data store controller](#)

The figures on the right shows the configuration of the service using the recommended [Container Structure](#).

This configuration shows a self contained service which already contains the required objects for supporting the discovery process.

<b>Name:</b>	Select Asset
<b>Process:</b>	Select/project an asset in situ location accessed via metadata
<b>Resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>asset pid (precondition: discovery)</li> <li>filtering parameters (metadata, optional)</li> </ul>
<b>Outputs</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>asset (processed view)</li> <li>metadata <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>asset pid</li> <li>asset reference (publishable)</li> <li>asset description</li> <li>asset view details</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Options</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>select</li> <li>project</li> </ul>



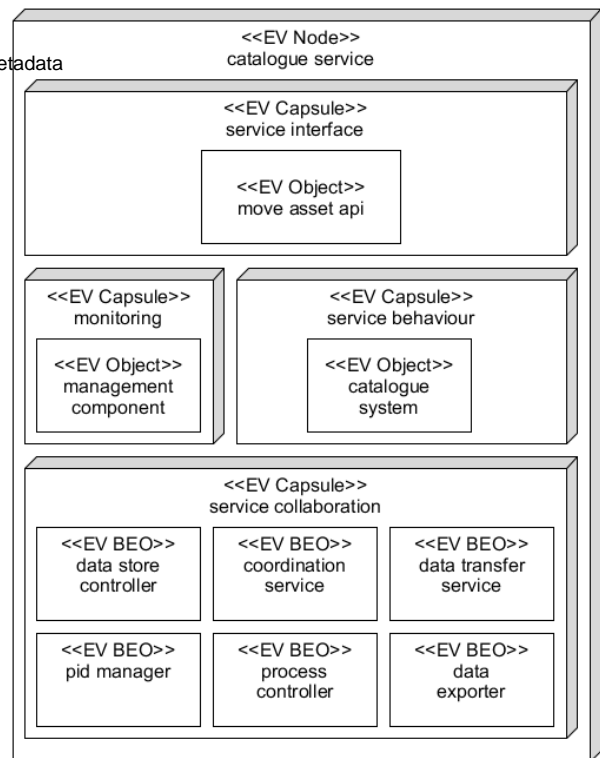
## Move Asset Configuration

The configuration for moving an asset depends on seven BEOs: [catalogue service](#), [data transfer service](#), [data exporter](#), [pid manager](#), [data store controller](#), [coordination service](#), and [process controller](#),

The figures on the right shows the configuration of the service using the recommended [Container Structure](#).

This configuration shows a self contained service which already contains the required objects for supporting the move asset process.

<b>Name:</b>	Move Asset
<b>Process:</b>	Move (selected parts of) asset to location accessed via metadata
<b>Resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>asset pid (precondition: discovery)</li> <li>filtering parameters (metadata, optional)</li> </ul>
<b>Outputs</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>asset (partial or completely relocated)</li> <li>metadata <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>asset pid</li> <li>asset reference (publishable)</li> <li>asset description</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Options</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>move complete (delete original)</li> <li>move partial (delete partial)</li> </ul>



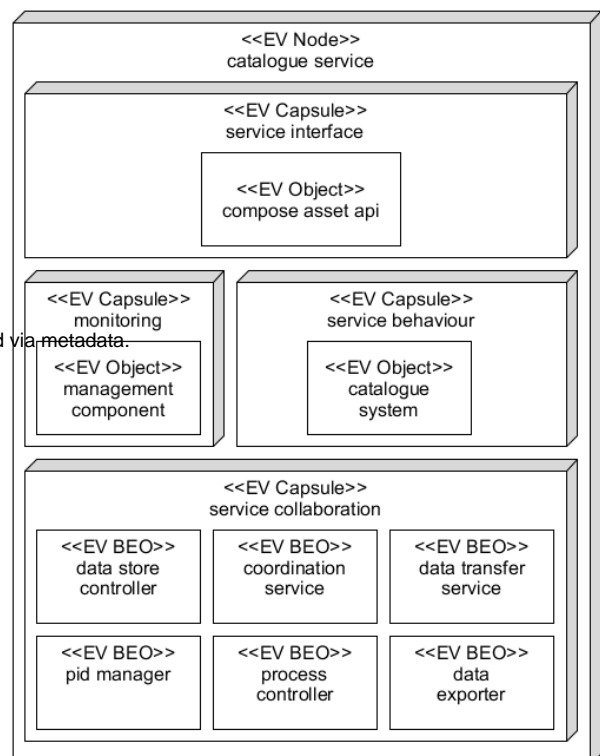
## Compose Asset Configuration

The configuration for composing existing assets depends on seven BEOs: [catalogue service](#), [data transfer service](#), [data exporter](#), [pid manager](#), [data store controller](#), [coordination service](#), and [process controller](#),

The figures on the right shows the configuration of the service using the recommended [Container Structure](#).

This configuration shows a self contained service which already contains the required objects for supporting the compose asset process.

<b>Name:</b>	Compose Asset
<b>Process:</b>	Compose (selected parts of) asset into workflow accessed via metadata.
<b>Resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>asset pid (precondition: discovery)</li> <li>filtering parameters (metadata, optional)</li> <li>destination parameters</li> <li>scheduling parameters</li> </ul>
<b>Outputs</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>asset (copy, partial or complete)</li> <li>metadata <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>asset pid</li> <li>asset reference (publishable)</li> <li>asset description</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Options</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>compose complete</li> <li>compose partial</li> </ul>



## Update Asset Configuration

The configuration for discovering an asset depends on four BEOs: [catalogue service](#), [annotation service](#), [pid manager](#), and [data store controller](#).

The figures on the right shows the configuration of the service using the recommended [Container Structure](#).

This configuration shows a self contained service which already contains the required objects for supporting the discovery process.

<b>Name:</b>	Discover Asset
<b>Process:</b>	Update an asset and/or metadata
<b>Resources</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• asset pid</li> <li>• update parameters (metadata)</li> <li>• asset (complement or replacement)</li> </ul>
<b>Outputs</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• metadata <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• asset pid</li> <li>• asset reference (publishable)</li> <li>• asset description</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Optionsup</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• update metadata only</li> <li>• annotate asset</li> <li>• annotate metadata</li> <li>• update global pid</li> </ul>

